

Energy performance certificate (EPC)

5, Brindley Mill
SKIPTON
BD23 2UN

Energy rating Valid until: **27 April 2027**
D Certificate number: **8263-7424-5140-5118-7922**

Property type Mid-floor flat

Total floor area 51 square metres

Rules on letting this property

Properties can be rented if they have an energy rating from A to E.

If the property is rated F or G, it cannot be let, unless an exemption has been registered. You can read [guidance for landlords on the regulations and exemptions \(https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-guidance\)](https://www.gov.uk/guidance/domestic-private-rented-property-minimum-energy-efficiency-standard-landlord-guidance).

Energy efficiency rating for this property

This property's current energy rating is D. It has the potential to be B.

[See how to improve this property's energy performance.](#)

Score	Energy rating	Current	Potential
92+	A		
81-91	B		81 B
69-80	C		
55-68	D	58 D	
39-54	E		
21-38	F		
1-20	G		

The graph shows this property's current and potential energy efficiency.

Properties are given a rating from A (most efficient) to G (least efficient).

Properties are also given a score. The higher the number the lower your fuel bills are likely to be.

For properties in England and Wales:

- the average energy rating is D
- the average energy score is 60

Breakdown of property's energy performance

This section shows the energy performance for features of this property. The assessment does not consider the condition of a feature and how well it is working.

Each feature is assessed as one of the following:

- very good (most efficient)
- good

- average
- poor
- very poor (least efficient)

When the description says "assumed", it means that the feature could not be inspected and an assumption has been made based on the property's age and type.

Feature	Description	Rating
Wall	Sandstone or limestone, as built, insulated (assumed)	Good
Wall	Timber frame, as built, insulated (assumed)	Good
Window	Fully double glazed	Good
Main heating	Room heaters, electric	Very poor
Main heating control	Programmer and appliance thermostats	Good
Hot water	Electric immersion, standard tariff	Very poor
Lighting	No low energy lighting	Very poor
Roof	(another dwelling above)	N/A
Floor	To unheated space, limited insulation (assumed)	N/A
Secondary heating	None	N/A

Primary energy use

The primary energy use for this property per year is 336 kilowatt hours per square metre (kWh/m²).

▶ [What is primary energy use?](#)

Primary energy use is a measure of the energy required for lighting, heating and hot water in a property. The calculation includes:

- the efficiency of the property's heating system
- power station efficiency for electricity
- the energy used to produce the fuel and deliver it to the property

Environmental impact of this property

This property's current environmental impact rating is D. It has the potential to be D.

Properties are rated in a scale from A to G based on how much carbon dioxide (CO₂) they produce.

Properties with an A rating produce less CO₂ than G rated properties.

An average household produces	6 tonnes of CO ₂
This property produces	2.9 tonnes of CO ₂
This property's potential production	2.5 tonnes of CO ₂

By making the [recommended changes](#), you could reduce this property's CO₂ emissions by 0.4 tonnes per year. This will help to protect the environment.

Environmental impact ratings are based on assumptions about average occupancy and energy use. They may not reflect how energy is consumed by the people living at the property.

Improve this property's energy performance

By following our step by step recommendations you could reduce this property's energy use and potentially save money.

Carrying out these changes in order will improve the property's energy rating and score from D (58) to B (81).

Potential energy
rating

B

▶ [Do I need to follow these steps in order?](#)

Yes. Each step builds on the one before it so you can save the most energy.

For example, it's more energy efficient to insulate your home before you buy a new boiler. A well insulated home will lose less heat so you do not have to run your boiler as often.

Step 1: Floor insulation (suspended floor)

Floor insulation (suspended floor)

Typical installation cost £800 - £1,200

Typical yearly saving £111

Potential rating after completing step 1 63 | D

Step 2: Low energy lighting

Low energy lighting

Typical installation cost £40

Typical yearly saving £22

Potential rating after completing steps 1 and 2 65 | D

Step 3: High heat retention storage heaters

High heat retention storage heaters

Typical installation cost £1,200 - £1,800

Typical yearly saving £327

Potential rating after completing steps 1 to 3 81 | B

Paying for energy improvements

[Find energy grants and ways to save energy in your home. \(https://www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency\)](https://www.gov.uk/improve-energy-efficiency)

Estimated energy use and potential savings

Estimated yearly energy cost for this property £863

Potential saving £460

The estimated cost shows how much the average household would spend in this property for heating, lighting and hot water. It is not based on how energy is used by the people living at the property.

The potential saving shows how much money you could save if you [complete each recommended step in order](#).

For advice on how to reduce your energy bills visit [Simple Energy Advice](https://www.simpleenergyadvice.org.uk/) (<https://www.simpleenergyadvice.org.uk/>).

Heating use in this property

Heating a property usually makes up the majority of energy costs.

Estimated energy used to heat this property

Type of heating	Estimated energy used
Space heating	3212 kWh per year
Water heating	1819 kWh per year

Potential energy savings by installing insulation

The assessor did not find any opportunities to save energy by installing insulation in this property.

Contacting the assessor and accreditation scheme

This EPC was created by a qualified energy assessor.

If you are unhappy about your property's energy assessment or certificate, you can complain to the assessor directly.

If you are still unhappy after contacting the assessor, you should contact the assessor's accreditation scheme.

Accreditation schemes are appointed by the government to ensure that assessors are qualified to carry out EPC assessments.

Assessor contact details

Assessor's name	Adrian Whitworth
Telephone	07908140550
Email	adywhit@btinternet.com

Accreditation scheme contact details

Accreditation scheme	Elmhurst Energy Systems Ltd
Assessor ID	EES/002593
Telephone	01455 883 250
Email	enquiries@elmhurstenergy.co.uk

Assessment details

Assessor's declaration	No related party
Date of assessment	28 April 2017
Date of certificate	28 April 2017
Type of assessment	▶ RdSAP

RdSAP (Reduced data Standard Assessment Procedure) is a method used to assess and compare the energy and environmental performance of properties in

the UK. It uses a site visit and survey of the property to calculate energy performance.

This type of assessment can be carried out on properties built before 1 April 2008 in England and Wales, and 30 September 2008 in Northern Ireland. It can also be used for newer properties, as long as they have a previous SAP assessment, which uses detailed information about the property's construction to calculate energy performance.

Other certificates for this property

If you are aware of previous certificates for this property and they are not listed here, please contact us at dluhc.digital-services@levellingup.gov.uk or call our helpdesk on 020 3829 0748.

There are no related certificates for this property.